

Question No.11 : Paraphrase the following stanza in your own words. Use correct grammar, punctuation and spelling. Marks (10)

Question

There once was a very loud mouse,  
You could hear it from the house!  
There was a cow frowning down  
At the very loud mouse

Answer

In this stanza, the poet says that there was a mouse that made a lot of noise, which could be heard even from the house. A cow looked down at the mouse with disapproval.

Question

In for and feather, face and limb  
I grew so like my brother,  
That folks got me for taking him  
And each for one other.  
It puzzled all our kith and kin,

Answer

In this stanza, the speaker says that in all features and appearance, he was like his twin brother. All the people were confused about our identity and it was a mystery for our relatives as well.

### Question

One day, to make the matter worse,  
Before our names were fixed,  
As we were being washed by nurse,  
We got completely mixed;

### Answer

In this stanza, the poet describes the condition of the twins. For them, things became even more complicated. Their names had not been decided yet. While the nurse was washing them, they were totally mixed and even the nurse was confused.

### Question

Jason pushed me into the wall,  
Sophie said I wasn't very tall,  
Adam called me a very rude name  
My anger appears all to see,  
This helps my body you see,  
To be ready to fight or to flee

### Answer

The poet tells in these lines that one day a boy named John pushed me into the wall. One girl talked about my low height. While Adam called my name wrongly. At this time my anger arose and I was ready to fight.

## Question 12: Write a paragraph on given topics

Grading formula:

1. 10 relevant sentences = 5 Marks
2. Clearly stated main idea = 2 Marks
3. Use of formal language and 2+ adjectives = 3 Marks
4. Compound sentences = 2 Marks

**Total Marks = 12**

1. Experience of Failure and How It Helped You to Be Motivated for Success
2. Reforms You Would Bring into Your Classroom if You Became a Teacher for One Month
3. Little Fruitful Deeds You Have Done for the Society Around You
4. A Moment When You Felt Proud of Yourself

### 1. Experience of Failure and How It Helped You to Be Motivated for Success

Failure is a part of life, and everyone faces it. Once, I failed in my math test, and I felt very sad. I realized I was not working hard enough. My teacher told me failure teaches us lessons. I started studying more and practicing every day. Slowly, I became better at math. In the next test, I got good marks and felt happy. This experience taught me not to give up. Failure is not the end but a chance to improve. It showed me that hard work leads to success. I now understand that failure can make us stronger. This lesson will always stay with me.

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### 2. Reforms You Would Bring into Your Classroom if You Became a Teacher for One Month

If I became a teacher, I would make learning fun. I would use colorful charts to explain lessons. I would tell stories to make subjects interesting. My classroom would be clean and decorated with posters. I would listen to my students' problems and help them. I would arrange group activities for better teamwork. Every student would get a chance to speak in class. I would give prizes for good work to encourage others. I would teach the importance of kindness and respect. My students would enjoy learning every day. These changes would make the classroom a happy place.

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### **3. Little Fruitful Deeds You Have Done for the Society Around You**

Helping others makes the world better. Once, I helped an old man cross the road. He smiled and thanked me, and I felt proud. Another time, I gave food to a hungry dog. I also planted a tree near my house. It is growing and giving shade to people. I helped my neighbor carry her heavy bag. I clean my street whenever I see trash. I shared my old books with poor children. I always greet others with a smile. These small deeds make a big difference. Helping society brings happiness to everyone. We should all do our part.

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### **4. A Moment When You Felt Proud of Yourself**

One day, our school held a drawing competition. I worked hard and practiced every day. On the day of the competition, I gave my best effort. When the results came, I won the first prize. Everyone clapped for me, and my parents were very happy. My teacher praised me for my hard work. I felt very proud of myself. It was a moment I will never forget. This taught me that effort brings success. Winning made me more confident. I promised myself to always try my best. That day was a special memory for me.

### Question No.13

Listening, Speaking and Reading. Marks (8)

Reading: Read the given paragraph with correct pronunciation in one minute. (5)

Read the given paragraph correctly with correct pronunciation. You will be given sixty seconds to read the paragraph. ( Marks 5)

#### Paragraph 1

Northern Areas of Pakistan is home to some of the most stunning landscapes in the world. From the snow-capped peaks of the Karakoram Range to the fertile plains of Balochistan, visitors are sure to be impressed by the beauty of this area. The region is also home to some of Pakistan's most pristine natural ecosystems, including forests, mountains and lakes. These areas offer a wealth of outdoor activities, such as hiking, camping and fishing. Northern Areas also have a rich history and culture. The people here are known for their warm hospitality and friendly nature. They are also known for their traditional music, dance and crafts. Pakistan has a rich and varied wildlife, which can be found in the northern areas. The region is home to a wide array of animals, including elephants, lions, leopards, bears, primates, and many other species that are very interesting.

## Paragraph 2

Sunflowers are special because they can follow the sun. The plant flowers in summer. Their yellow petals and exciting presence make us feel warm and happy. Sunflowers can move their heads throughout the day, following the sun's path. They do this using a special ability called heliotropism. Sunflowers have a special hormone that helps their cells grow longer on the side that's in the shade. It makes them bend towards the sun. This clever trick helps the sunflowers get as much sunlight as possible for their growth. When you see fields of sunflowers, you'll notice they all face the same way, towards the sun. It's a beautiful example of how plants adapt to make the most of their surroundings. When the growth of the flower stalk stops and the flower is mature heliotropism also stops. After that, the flower faces east from that moment onward.

## Paragraph 3

The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan. Markhor is a combination of Persian and Pashto words: "Mar" translates as snake and "khor" means eater. According to the region's folklore, the markhor's horns give it special abilities including being an eater or killer of snakes. It has large spiral horns. The males of this species can grow horns up to 160 centimeters (63 inches long). Markhors are strong climbers. They can jump at least 8 feet high. They live in mountainous areas. They eat plants and are important to the ecosystems in their habitats. They have thick fur to survive in harsh environments. There has been a decline in the number of the species due to habitat loss and hunting. The largest population of markhor is currently found in Chitral National Park in Pakistan, where they now exceed 1,000 in number. Efforts are being made to conserve them.

### Paragraph 3

Aspens are very unusual trees. Their most amazing trait can't be seen because it's underground. Aspens are the most widespread tree in America and Canada. Aspens have seeds that are blown by the wind or are carried by animals. They land in a different area. That is how new trees get started. Although aspens have seeds, most baby aspens start out in a colony of roots, which grow shoots underground. The shoots grow up through the soil and become new aspen trees. So, in a forest of aspens, all the trees are connected. This group of connected aspens is called a colony. Aspen colonies are the largest living organisms in the world. They live for thousands of years. Each tree dies after about 100 years, but the colony survives because of its root system.