Exercise 4.1

1. Factorize by identifying common factors.

1.
$$6x+12$$

Ans:

$$=6(x+2)$$

2.
$$15y^2 + 20y$$

Ans:

$$=5y(3y+4)$$

3.
$$-12x^2 - 3x$$

Ans:

$$-3x(4x+1)$$

4.
$$4x^2 - 12y + 9$$

Ans:

$$(2x+3)^2$$

$$5. \qquad xy - 3x^2 + 2x$$

Ans:

$$x(y-3x+2)$$

6.
$$3a^2b - 9ab^2 + 15ab$$

Ans:

$$3ab[a-3b+5]$$

7. Factorize and represent pictorially:

1. 5x+1

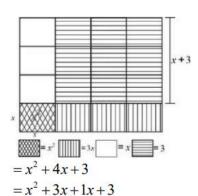
Ans:

$$5x + 15 = 5(x + 3)$$

2.
$$x^2 + 4x + 3$$

5×x-5x

Ans:



$$x^{2} + 6x + 8$$

$$= x^{2} + 4x + 2x + 8$$

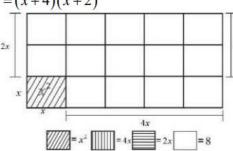
$$= x(x + 4) + 2(x + 4)$$

=x(x+3)+1(x+3)

=(x+3)(x+1)

$$= x(x+4)+2(x+4)$$

= (x+4)(x+2)



4.
$$x^2 + 4x + 4$$

Ans:

3.

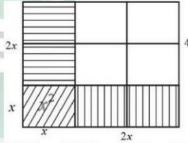
Ans:

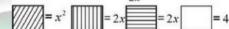
$$= x^{2} + 2x + 2x + 4$$

$$= x(x-2) + 2(x+4)$$

$$= (x+2)(x+2)$$

$$=(x+2)(x+2)$$





5. Factorize:

•
$$x^2 + x - 12$$

Ans:

$$= x^{2} + 4x - 3x - 12$$

$$= x(x+4) - 3(x+4)$$

$$= (x+4)(x-3)$$

•
$$x^2 + 7x + 10$$

Ans:

$$= x^{2} + 5x + 2x + 10$$

$$= x(x+5) + 2(x+5)$$

$$= (x+5)(x+2)$$

•
$$x^2 - 6x + 8$$

Ans:

$$= x^{2} - 4x - 2x + 8$$
$$= x(x-4) - 2(x-4)$$

$$=(x-4)(x-2)$$

• $x^2 - x - 56$

Ans:

$$= x^{2} - 8x + 7x - 56$$

$$= x(x-8) + 7(x-8)$$

$$= (x-8)(x+7)$$

• $x^2 - 10x - 24$

Ans:

$$= x^{2} - 12x + 2x - 24$$

$$= x(x-12) + 2(x-12)$$

$$= (x-12)(x+2)$$

• $y^2 + 4y - 12$

Ans:

$$= y^{2} + 6y - 2y - 12$$

$$= y(y+6) - 2(y+6)$$

$$= (y+6)(y-2)$$

• $y^2 + 13y + 36$

Ans:

$$= y^{2} + 9y + 4y + 36$$

$$= y(y+9) + 4(y+9)$$

$$= (y+9)(y+4)$$

• $x^2 - x - 2$

Ans:

$$= x^{2} - 2x + 1x - 2$$

$$= x(x-2) + 1(x-2)$$

$$= (x-2)(x+1)$$

6. Factorize:

• $2x^2 + 7x + 3$

Ans:

$$= 2x^{2} + 6x + 1x + 3$$
$$= 2x(x+3) + 1(x+3)$$
$$= (x+3)(2x+1)$$

• $2x^2 + 11x + 15$

Ans:

$$=2x^2+5x+6x+15$$

$$= x(2x+5)+3(2x+5)$$

= (2x+5)(x+3)

• $4x^2 + 13x + 3$

Ans:

$$= 4x^{2} + 12x + 1x + 3$$
$$= 4x(x+3) + 1(x+3)$$
$$= (x+3)(4x+1)$$

• $3x^2 + 5x + 2$

Ans:

$$= 3x^{2} + 3x + 2x + 2$$

$$= 3x(x+1) + 2(x+1)$$

$$= (x+1)(3x+2)$$

• $3v^2 - 11v + 6$

Ans:

$$=3y^{2}-9y-2y+6$$

$$=3y(y-3)-2(y-3)$$

$$=(y-3)(3y-2)$$

• $2y^2 - 5y + 2$

Ans:

$$= 2y^{2} - 4y - 1y + 2$$

$$= 2y(y-2) - 1(y-2)$$

$$= (y-2)(2y-1)$$

• $4z^2 - 11z + 6$

Ans:

$$= 4z^{2} - 8z - 3z + 6$$

$$= 4z[z-2] - 3[z-2]$$

$$= [z-2][4z-3]$$

• $6+7x-3x^2$

Ans:

$$=6-9x-2x-3x^{2}$$

$$=3(2+3x)-x(2+3x)$$

$$=(2+3x)(x-3)$$